

# Linear Combination of Sine and Cosine

Any linear combination of a cosine and a sine of equal periods is equal to a single sine with the same period but with a phase shift and a different amplitude.

In other words, given any  $c_1$  and  $c_2$ , we can find  $A$  and  $\phi$  such that

$$c_1 \cos \omega t + c_2 \sin \omega t = A \sin(\omega t + \phi). \quad (1)$$

We will now show how to find  $A$  and  $\phi$ .

Using the identity

$$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

we deduce that (1) is equivalent to

$$c_1 \cos \omega t + c_2 \sin \omega t = A \cos \phi \sin \omega t + A \sin \phi \cos \omega t.$$

By setting equal the coefficients of  $\cos \omega t$  and  $\sin \omega t$ , we obtain

$$A \sin \phi = c_1 \quad \text{and} \quad A \cos \phi = c_2.$$

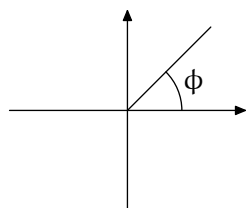
Observe that if  $c_2 = 0$ , then

$$A = c_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \phi = \pi/2.$$

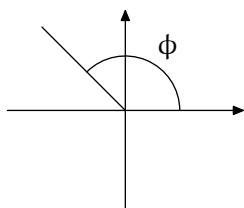
If  $c_2 \neq 0$ , we can find  $A$  and  $\phi$  using

$$A = \sqrt{c_1^2 + c_2^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \tan \phi = \frac{c_1}{c_2}.$$

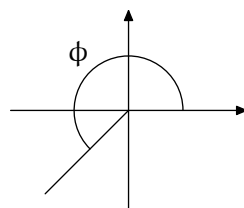
To find  $\phi$ , we need to first identify its quadrant. The four cases are shown below.



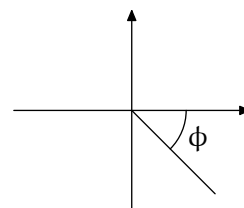
$$\phi = \arctan\left(\frac{c_1}{c_2}\right)$$



$$\phi = \pi + \arctan\left(\frac{c_1}{c_2}\right)$$



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**Example.** Express  $2 \cos(3t) - 5 \sin(3t)$  as  $A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ .

*Solution.* First observe that  $\omega = 3$ . Since  $c_1 = 2$  and  $c_2 = -5$ , then

$$A = \sqrt{c_1^2 + c_2^2} = \sqrt{2^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{29}.$$

To find the quadrant of  $\phi$ , observe that

$$\cos \phi = \frac{c_2}{A} < 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \sin \phi = \frac{c_1}{A} > 0.$$

We see that  $\phi$  is a second-quadrant angle, therefore

$$\phi = \pi + \arctan\left(\frac{c_1}{c_2}\right) = \pi + \arctan\left(\frac{2}{-5}\right) \approx 2.761.$$

We conclude that

$$2 \cos(3t) - 5 \sin(3t) = \sqrt{29} \sin(3t + \arctan(-2/5) + \pi) \approx \sqrt{29} \sin(3t + 2.761).$$